

Dunlop Ardit MS Timber Adhesive

Ardex (Ardex NZ)

Chemwatch: 5272-97 Version No: 2.1.1.1

Safety Data Sheet according to HSNO Regulations

Issue Date: 09/10/2017 Print Date: 10/10/2017 S.GHS.NZL.EN

SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

Product Identifier

| Product name | Dunlop Ardit MS Timber Adhesive |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Synonyms | Not Available |
| Other means of identification | Not Available |

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses Timber adhesive.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

| Registered company name | Ardex (Ardex NZ) | Ardex (Ardex Australia) | |
|-------------------------|--|---|--|
| Address | 32 Lane Street Woolston Christchurch New Zealand | 20 Powers Road Seven Hills NSW 2147 Australia | |
| Telephone | +64 3373 6928 | 1800 224 070 | |
| Fax +64 3384 9779 | | 1300 780 102 | |
| Website Not Available | | Not Available | |
| Email | Not Available | Not Available | |

Emergency telephone number

| Association / Organisation | Not Available | Not Available |
|-----------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|
| Emergency telephone numbers | +64 3373 6900 | 1800 224 070 (Mon-Fri, 9am-5pm) |
| Other emergency telephone numbers | Not Available | Not Available |

SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

Not considered a Hazardous Substance according to the criteria of the New Zealand Hazardous Substances New Organisms legislation. Not regulated for transport of Dangerous Goods.

CHEMWATCH HAZARD RATINGS

| | Min | Max | |
|--------------|-----|-----|-------------------------|
| Flammability | 1 | | |
| Toxicity | 0 | | 0 = Minimum |
| Body Contact | 0 | | 1 = Low 2 = Moderate |
| Reactivity | 1 | | 3 = High |
| Chronic | 0 | | 4 = Extreme |

| Classification | Not Applicable |
|---|----------------|
| Determined by Chemwatch using GHS/HSNO criteria | Not Available |
| l abal alamanta | |

Label elements

| Hazard pictogram(s) | Not Applicable |
|---------------------|----------------|
| | |
| | NOT APPLICABLE |
| | |

Hazard statement(s)

Not Applicable

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Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Response

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

Not Applicable

SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Mixtures

| CAS No | %[weight] | Name |
|---------------|-----------|--|
| Not Available | 100 | Ingredients determined not to be hazardous |

SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

NZ Poisons Centre 0800 POISON (0800 764 766) | NZ Emergency Services: 111

Description of first aid measures

| Eye Contact | If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush the eye continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre or a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes. Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Seek medical attention without delay; if pain persists or recurs seek medical attention. Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel. |
|--------------|---|
| Skin Contact | If skin or hair contact occurs: ▶ Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). ▶ Seek medical attention in event of irritation. |
| Inhalation | If furnes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. Other measures are usually unnecessary. |
| Ingestion | If swallowed do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain open airway and prevent aspiration. Observe the patient carefully. Never give liquid to a person showing signs of being sleepy or with reduced awareness; i.e. becoming unconscious. Give water to rinse out mouth, then provide liquid slowly and as much as casualty can comfortably drink. Seek medical advice. |

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

- ► Alcohol stable foam.
- Dry chemical powder.
- ▶ BCF (where regulations permit).
- Carbon dioxide.

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

| Fire Incompatibility | ity P Avoid contamination with oxidising agents i.e. nitrates, oxidising acids, chlorine bleaches, pool chlorine etc. as ignition may result | |
|------------------------|--|--|
| dvice for firefighters | | |
| Fire Fighting | Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves. Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses. Use water delivered as a fine spray to control fire and cool adjacent area. | |
| Fire/Explosion Hazard | ▶ Combustible. ▶ Slight fire hazard when exposed to heat or flame. ▶ Heating may cause expansion or decomposition leading to violent rupture of containers. ▶ On combustion, may emit toxic fumes of carbon monoxide (CO). Combustion products include: carbon dioxide (CO2) other pyrolysis products typical of burning organic material. | |

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

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See section 8

Environmental precautions

See section 12

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

| Minor Spills | Clean up all spills immediately. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wear impervious gloves and safety goggles. Trowel up/scrape up. |
|--------------|---|
| Major Spills | Clear area of personnel and move upwind. Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment. Prevent spillage from entering drains, sewers or water courses. |

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

| Safe handling | Limit all unnecessary personal contact. Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs. Use in a well-ventilated area. Avoid contact with incompatible materials. |
|-------------------|---|
| Other information | Store in original containers. Keep containers securely sealed. No smoking, naked lights or ignition sources. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area. |

| | ► Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area. | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | | | |
| Suitable container | Metal can or drum Packaging as recommended by manufacturer. Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks. | | |
| Storage incompatibility | Avoid contamination of water, foodstuffs, feed or seed. • Avoid reaction with oxidising agents • Segregate from alcohol, water. • Avoid strong acids, acid chlorides, acid anhydrides and chloroformates. | | |

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)

Hands/feet protection

Body protection

INGREDIENT DATA

Not Available

EMERGENCY LIMITS

| Ingredient | Material name | TEEL-1 | TEEL-2 | TEEL-3 |
|--|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Dunlop Ardit MS Timber Adhesive | Not Available | Not Available | Not Available | Not Available |
| Ingredient | Original IDLH | | Revised IDLH | |
| Ingredients determined not to be hazardous | Not Available | | Not Available | |

Exposure controls

Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard. Well-designed engineering controls can be highly effective in protecting workers and will typically be independent of worker interactions to provide this high level of protection. Appropriate engineering The basic types of engineering controls are: controls Process controls which involve changing the way a job activity or process is done to reduce the risk. Enclosure and/or isolation of emission source which keeps a selected hazard "physically" away from the worker and ventilation that strategically "adds" and "removes" air in the work environment Personal protection Safety glasses with side shields ► Chemical goggles. Eye and face protection ► Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written policy document, describing the wearing of lenses or restrictions on use, should be created for each workplace or task. This should include a review of lens absorption and adsorption for the class of chemicals in use and an account of injury experience. Skin protection See Hand protection below

Wear general protective gloves, eg. light weight rubber gloves.

See Other protection below

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| Other protection | No special equipment needed when handling small quantities. OTHERWISE: Overalls. Barrier cream. Eyewash unit. |
|------------------|---|
| Thermal hazards | Not Available |

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| A | links kan a sasta side an ada an da an ada asi si | 4444 | |
|--|---|---|----------------|
| Appearance | Light brown paste with no odour; does not mix wi | tn water. | |
| Physical state | Non Slump Paste | Relative density (Water = 1) | 1.76 |
| Odour | Not Available | Partition coefficient n-octanol / water | Not Available |
| Odour threshold | Not Available | Auto-ignition temperature (°C) | 375 |
| pH (as supplied) | Not Applicable | Decomposition temperature | Not Available |
| Melting point / freezing point (°C) | Not Available | Viscosity (cSt) | 80.00 @ 20 C |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C) | 253 | Molecular weight (g/mol) | Not Applicable |
| Flash point (°C) | 201 | Taste | Not Available |
| Evaporation rate | Not Available | Explosive properties | Not Available |
| Flammability | Not Applicable | Oxidising properties | Not Available |
| Upper Explosive Limit (%) | Not Available | Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m) | Not Available |
| Lower Explosive Limit (%) | Not Available | Volatile Component (%vol) | 0 |
| Vapour pressure (kPa) | Not Available | Gas group | Not Available |
| Solubility in water (g/L) | Immiscible | pH as a solution (1%) | Not Applicable |
| Vapour density (Air = 1) | Not Available | VOC g/L | 0 |

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

| Reactivity | See section 7 |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Chemical stability | Product is considered stable and hazardous polymerisation will not occur. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | See section 7 |
| Conditions to avoid | See section 7 |
| Incompatible materials | See section 7 |
| Hazardous decomposition products | See section 5 |

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects

| mormation on toxicological | Circuis | | |
|-------------------------------|--|------------------------|---|
| Inhaled | The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract (as classified by EC Directives using animal models). Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable control measures be used in an occupational setting. | | |
| Ingestion | The material has NOT been classified by EC Directives or other classification systems as "harmful by ingestion". This is because of the lack of corroborating animal or human evidence. | | |
| Skin Contact | The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or skin irritation following contact (as classified by EC Directives using animal models). Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable gloves be used in an occupational setting. | | |
| Eye | Although the material is not thought to be an irritant (as classified by EC Directives), direct contact with the eye may produce transient discomfort characterised by tearing or conjunctival redness (as with windburn). | | |
| Chronic | Long-term exposure to the product is not thought to produce chronic effects adverse to the health (as classified by EC Directives using animal models); nevertheless exposure by all routes should be minimised as a matter of course. | | |
| | | | |
| Dunlop Ardit MS Timber | TOXICITY | IRRITATION | |
| Adhesive | Not Available | Not Available | |
| Legend: | Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Acute toxicity 2.* Value obtained from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substances | | |
| | | | |
| Acute Toxicity | 0 | Carcinogenicity | 0 |
| Skin Irritation/Corrosion | 0 | Reproductivity | 0 |
| Serious Eye Damage/Irritation | 0 | STOT - Single Exposure | 0 |
| | • | | - |

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| Respiratory or Skin sensitisation | \circ | STOT - Repeated Exposure | 0 |
|-----------------------------------|---------|--------------------------|--|
| Mutagenicity | 0 | Aspiration Hazard | 0 |
| | | | Data available but does not fill the criteria for classification Data available to make classification |

O - Data Not Available to make classification

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

| Dundan Andis MC Timb on | ENDPOINT | TEST DURATION (HR) | SPECIES | VALUE SOURCE |
|------------------------------------|------------------|---|---------------|--------------------------------|
| Dunlop Ardit MS Timber Adhesive | Not Available | Not Available | Not Available | Not Not Available Available |
| Legend: | (QSAR) - Aquai | Extracted from 1. IUCLID Toxicity Data 2. Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Ecotoxicological Information - Aquatic Toxicity 3. EPIWIN Suite V3.12 (QSAR) - Aquatic Toxicity Data (Estimated) 4. US EPA, Ecotox database - Aquatic Toxicity Data 5. ECETOC Aquatic Hazard Assessment Data 6. NITE (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 7. METI (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 8. Vendor Data | | |

DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways

Persistence and degradability

| Ingredient | Persistence: Water/Soil | Persistence: Air | |
|------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| | No Data available for all ingredients | No Data available for all ingredients | |

Bioaccumulative potential

| Ingredient | Bioaccumulation |
|------------|---------------------------------------|
| | No Data available for all ingredients |

Mobility in soil

| Ingredient | Mobility |
|------------|---------------------------------------|
| | No Data available for all ingredients |

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Product / Packaging disposal

- ▶ Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options.
- Consult State Land Waste Management Authority for disposal.
- ▶ Bury residue in an authorised landfill.
- ▶ Recycle containers if possible, or dispose of in an authorised landfill.

Ensure that the disposal of material is carried out in accordance with Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Regulations 2001.

SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Labels Required

| Marine Pollutant | NO |
|------------------|----------------|
| HAZCHEM | Not Applicable |

Land transport (UN): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This substance is to be managed using the conditions specified in an applicable Group Standard

| HSR Number | Group Standard |
|----------------|----------------|
| Not Applicable | Not Applicable |

Location Test Certificate

Subject to Regulation 55 of the Hazardous Substances (Classes 1 to 5 Controls) Regulations, a location test certificate is required when quantity greater than or equal to those indicated below are present.

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| Hazard Class | Quantity beyond which controls apply for closed containers | Quantity beyond which controls apply when use occurring in open containers |
|----------------|--|--|
| Not Applicable | Not Applicable | Not Applicable |

Approved Handler

Subject to Regulation 56 of the Hazardous Substances (Classes 1 to 5 Controls) Regulations and Regulation 9 of the Hazardous Substances (Classes 6, 8, and 9 Controls) Regulations, the substance must be under the personal control of an Approved Handler when present in a quantity greater than or equal to those indicated below

| Class of substance | Quantities |
|--------------------|----------------|
| Not Applicable | Not Applicable |

Refer Group Standards for further information

Tracking Requirements

Not Applicable

| National Inventory | Status | |
|-------------------------------|---|--|
| Australia - AICS | Y | |
| Canada - DSL | Y | |
| Canada - NDSL | Υ | |
| China - IECSC | Y | |
| Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP | Υ | |
| Japan - ENCS | Υ | |
| Korea - KECI | Υ | |
| New Zealand - NZIoC | Υ | |
| Philippines - PICCS | Y | |
| USA - TSCA | Υ | |
| Legend: | Y = All ingredients are on the inventory N = Not determined or one or more ingredients are not on the inventory and are not exempt from listing(see specific ingredients in brackets) | |

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

Definitions and abbreviations

PC-TWA: Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average

PC-STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit.

IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations

OSF: Odour Safety Factor

NOAEL :No Observed Adverse Effect Level

LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level

TLV: Threshold Limit Value

LOD: Limit Of Detection OTV: Odour Threshold Value

BCF: BioConcentration Factors

BEI: Biological Exposure Index

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